

"What's so rare as a Day in June?"



## WHITE AND COLORED WASH FABRICS

Bolt upon bolt of sheer goods that make up into the finest clothes for vacation needs, garden work and business wear.

**COLORED WASH GOODS**—Voiles, Tissues and Lawns, in stripes, plaids, floral designs and solid colors. Priced lower than you are likely to buy them again for many months.

15c 25c 35c to 50c

**WHITE GOODS**—Fine Linweave Voiles, Lawns, Pique, Organdies, Nainsook and Long Cloth for Waists, Skirts, Dresses and Under Muslins, very moderately priced at the yard

15c 25c 35c 50c to \$1

**STEVENS-WILSON CO.**

## 30 AMERICAN WHIP 200 HUNS

With American Army in France, June 6.—An American patrol of thirty men penetrated to the enemy's third line in the Lunville sector early this morning. The Americans encountered 200 Germans and attacked them with grenades, bayonets and bullets.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—  
A War Savings Stamp is just as good and as safe security as land. Why? Because its title rests in the government. Remember June 28th—National War Savings Day.

## "HABIT" IS ACQUIRED

Make a habit of having every member of your family photographed at least once a year

and begin TODAY

**Stall's Studio**  
Quality Photographers  
Phone 34.

## ADA IRON FOUNDRY ENLARGING CAPACITY

The Ada iron foundry, one of the latest enterprises located here through effort of the Chamber of Commerce, is finding this a very desirable location. Mr. Gilbert, the owner of the foundry, has been so pushing his plant. The first couple with a capacity of 4,000 pounds per hour, proving inadequate, he is now installing one of 12,000 pounds capacity, giving him a total capacity of 16,000 pounds per hour.

The largest order he has received is one from the cement plant for a cog wheel weight about 7,000 pounds. This indicates the rapidity of the growth of this new enterprise which will in time prove a very valuable addition to the industrial life of the city.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—  
The Cantata Friday Night.  
You will appreciate the rendition of the Cantata Esther much more if you will take time to read again the Book of Esther. It will take only 30 minutes to read it. Better do it tonight.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—  
Oklahoma ought to double its quota of forty-seven million dollars in War Savings Stamps on June 28. It has not failed in any other war activity.

## Fine Stationery

Get Yours Here Today—Excellent Stationery

There is no better evidence of refinement than the use of excellent paperies.



**SYMPHONY LAWN**—Boxes 65c—\$1  
**Crane's Linen Lawn**—Boxes 50c, 75c, \$1  
**Highland Linen**—50c, 75c  
**Symphony Pounds** 60c  
**Lord Baltimore Pounds** 50c  
Try Our Soda—Rexall Remedies

**Gwin & Mays Drug Co.**

## SNAKE UPRISING NIPPED IN BUD

DISTURBANCE QUELLED BY OFFICIALS AND HOME GUARD. INDIANS OPPOSED DRAFT.

(By the Associated Press)  
Henryetta, Okla., June 6.—Fear of an uprising among a small band of mixed Indians and negroes in Old Hickory stamping ground, was dispelled today when the Henryetta company of home guards, led by Lieut. Ray Wise, returned here with word that the malcontents had agreed to disperse and would not attempt trouble.

Dissatisfaction over the draft and four cards and the fact they were forced to support various war causes is said to be responsible for the spirit of discontent, but no serious trouble occurred. Reports last night that three white farmers were killed could not be confirmed.

The trouble is said to have been instigated by Ellen Perryman, a Creek Indian woman living at Council Hill. She returned from a trip to Washington ten days ago and since that time has been lecturing to Indians.

She is said to have told them that their young men cannot be forced into army service, the United States government is robbing them and that they are to be sent across the waters to be killed.

It is said that while in Washington she was in conference with Philip Enos, a Filipino, who officers here assert they have reason to believe, is in the pay of the German government.

Registration officers here say that forty-four members of the Snake band of Indians, within draft age, failed to register. Sixty-five young men of the band were recently called for army service and only fifteen reported.

These, with older men of the band, are said to have united in the movement to resist the draft.

The Perryman woman is said to be attempting to organize a new secret society among the Indians, for the purpose of thwarting the government's plans to enlist Indians in war work.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—

## CONSPIRATOR GETS 20 YEARS

PROMINENT SOCIALIST POLITICIAN AND CANDIDATE CONVICTED BY FEDERAL JURY.

(By the Associated Press)  
Oklahoma City, June 6.—Orville C. Enfield, Ellis County, Socialist candidate for Congress against Jas. V. McClintic, seventh congressional district, was found guilty by the federal court jury this morning on charges of conspiring to obstruct the selective service law and sentenced to twenty years in the federal prison, Leavenworth, Kansas, by Judge Jno. H. Cotteral.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—

## AMERICANS WIPE OUT 1000 HUNS

MACHINE GUN BATTALION DOES DEADLY WORK DEFENDING BRIDGE.

(By the Associated Press)

With American Army in France, June 6.—An American machine gun battalion accounted for approximately 1000 Germans while holding a bridge at Cheateu-Thierry during the recent fighting there. The Americans lost only one man killed and a few wounded. At the same time French troops wiped out a force of 300 Germans who had obtained footing on the left bank of the river Marne.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—

## 277 NEW REGISTRANTS IN PONTOTOC COUNTY

The county board of Pontotoc county registered 277 men for the army Wednesday, these men being those who have arrived at their majority since the registration of a year ago. Of these 253 were white men, 12 Indians and 12 negroes.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—

## PORTO RICANS TAKE LARGE SLICE OF LIBERTY BONDS.

(By the Associated Press)  
San Juan, Porto Rico, June 6.—Six million dollars in subscriptions to the three Liberty Loans is, in round figures, Porto Rico's investment of money in the war.

On the first loan approximately \$700,000 was subscribed in the island while nearly all of the large subscriptions were placed direct in the United States. Subscriptions of sugar companies to the first loan, placed in the States, amounted to close a half million dollars, one subscription alone having been \$200,000. Total subscriptions in the island to the second loan were \$1,986,900, while to the third loan the total subscriptions were \$2,783,050.

With the increase in the total amount subscribed the number of subscribers also increased. The Department of Finance reports 4,877 subscribers to the second loan and 8,714 to the third.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—

## FIRE DESTROYS 100 MEXICAN HOMES

(By the Associated Press)  
Jerome, Ariz., June 6.—Over 1000 persons were left homeless early today by a fire of undetermined origin which swept through the Mexican district here and destroyed over 100 homes.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—

If you are willing to lend your savings to Uncle Sam at a good rate of interest, sign the War Savings pledge on June 28th.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—

## THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

I always think I'll do great things  
And then I never try.  
I sit and feel ambitious while  
The days go whizzing by.



**WEATHER REPORT.**  
Cloudy is the outlook for Friday, according to the weather man.

## GERMAN ATTACKS GAIN NOTHING

ALLIES REPEL ATTEMPTS TO ADVANCE. AMERICANS FIGHT WELL.

(By the Associated Press)

Determined German attempts to break through the wall of allied resistance on the western wing on the battle front south of Ailette are meeting with failure. For two days the Germans have attacked strongly at isolated points but made only slight progress. Around Vingre, north of the Aisne, the French have even regained some ground and took over 200 prisoners. Enemy efforts have been strongest around the Oise river and on the eastern edge of Metz forest east of Villers-Cotterets.

Elsewhere along the salient running through Vevilly, Chateau-Thierry and along the Marne, the Germans have been unable to make progress. American troops Tuesday night broke up a German attack northwest of Chateau-Thierry. An American party of thirty men penetrated the German third line east of Lunerville and out fought a party of 200 Germans.

The allied troops have withstood Bulgarian attacks against new Greek positions between Lakes Ochrida and Prespa on the Macedonian front.

German Attacks Fail.

Paris, June 6.—German forces last night crossed the river Oise in Sampligny region, but were driven back by the French, the war office announced today. North of the Aisne river the French improved their positions in Hautebraye neighborhood. There was heavy artillery fighting in Vevilly La Poterie where American troops have been in action.

British Repel Raid.

London, June 6.—The Germans last night repeated their attempts to raid British positions in Morlancourt region but were repulsed, the war office announced.

American Casualty List.

Washington, June 6.—Today's army casualty list contained thirty-four names divided as follows: Killed in action, seven; died of wounds, three; died of accident, three; died of disease, four; wounded severely, twelve; wounded (degree undetermined) one; wounded slightly, three; missing in action, one.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—

## CROSSING OCEAN WITH AIRPLANE FEASIBLE

London, June 6.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—Airplane trips from England to America are quite feasible by use of a machine traveling day and night at the rate of 100 miles an hour, declared F. Handley Page, inventor of a type of machine named for him, in a recent statement to the representative of the Daily Express.

"I have received a cablegram from Canada congratulating me on the construction of a machine to travel to and from America," continued the inventor, "but I have no such machine on hand."

"The trip would be from Ireland to New York, via Newfoundland being 1700 miles. An alternative journey to America would be via the Azores. On the steady 100-mile-an-hour basis you can compute all the long distance runs that occur to you, including week-end trips to China and Peru."

"For short distances, such as London to Manchester, I am not inclined to think that airplanes will take the places of railways unless in case of pressing urgency. A comfortable first-class carriage of a fast train will continue to be a more usual course of travel. The airplane has a great advantage of speed, but it has severe handicaps in the way of wind and fog and other adverse climatic conditions."

"I do not think that after the war wealthy men will take up private motor cars. Few persons can afford private yachts, and a pleasure airplane would be as expensive as a yacht."

"There is no such thing as perpetual safety in the air, and this is bound to have an effect on the average man. I am speaking of course, of the immediate future only. In the long results of time there are infinite possibilities in the evolution of aviation."

"There is an immense future for aircraft as aids to the world's prosperity, but what I call the tourist idea of 'round the world in forty hours' leads nowhere and means nothing."

"In the course of time bigger machines will be built with more powerful engines to direct them, but I can see no immediate prospect of turning out airplanes that will carry as many passengers as ocean liners. We must continue to beware of hot air in airplane prophecies."

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—

**Notice Circle Members.**  
All members of W. O. W. Circle are requested to be present Monday night. Business of importance to attend too.

MOZELLE G. COLEY, Clerk. 6-6-21

## THE GREATEST LINE OF \$10 SUITS YOU HAVE SEEN THIS SEASON FOR SUMMER.



In Blue, Gray, Brown and Mixtures. All of the latest styles for summer, of the best tailoring and fabrics.



CLEAN UP SALE ON HATS HALF PRICE

All trimmed except white to go at this price.

HALF PRICE

SPECIAL ATTRACTION IN ADVANCED MILLINERY

Do not fail to see this splendid showing.

## Basement Special

Saturday Special covered Bowls, Values up to \$1 Special -----50c

**Shaw's**  
DEPARTMENT STORE

S.M. SHAW, PROP.

PHONE 71 Established in 1902 ADA, OKLA.

## Notice W. O. W. Circle.

All members and especially members of other Groves are invited out to see a class of thirty conducted through the Mysteries of Woodcraft. We also expect a large class from other Groves. This county class will be held Tuesday night, June 11th, at City Hall. Doors will be opened to all Woodmen about 10 o'clock. Mrs. M. G. Meadows, State Manager of W. O. W. Circle will be present at this

meeting, also Mrs. Effie Haun, District Manager; Dr. Brown and wife, Supreme Physician and Mrs. DeBolt, Supreme Banker.

MOZELLE G. COLEY, Clerk.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—

Treasurer Dagg states that the semi-annual rush to pay taxes has not begun yet, but as the limit expires on the 15th it is likely to be brisk from now on. A great many paid the tax for the year in a lump in January.

# SPECIAL!

—IN—

## Ladies' White New Buck Sport Oxfords



We have now about 36 pair of Ladies' white New Buck Sport Oxfords, sizes from 2 1-2 to 6 1-2, worth \$6.50. For the rest of this week for

**\$3.95**

Come Early and Get Your Size

The Surprise Store

Established 1903

115-117 West Main St.

Phone 117



# The Ada Evening News

By THE NEWS PUBLISHING AND PRINTING COMPANY  
ADA, OKLAHOMA.

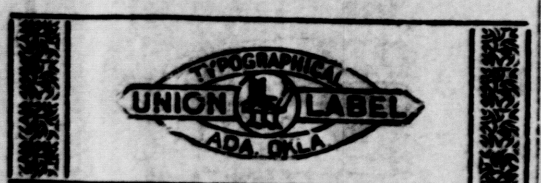
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## ANNOUNCEMENTS

### DISTRICT AND COUNTY

The News is authorized to announce the following gentlemen as candidates for the respective offices named, subject to the Democratic Primary:

- For District Judge: ARDEN L. BULLOCK.
- For County Attorney: WAYNE WADLINGTON.
- For County Treasurer: D. W. SWAFFAR.
- For Sheriff: BOB DUNCAN (re-election).
- For County Tax Assessor: NICK HEARD (re-election).
- For County Clerk: MILTON GARNER.
- Court Clerk: J. O. McMINN.
- For County Weigher: O. J. LEE (re-election).
- JOHN WARD.
- For County Judge: OREL BUSBY (re-election).
- J. O. COWART.
- For County Superintendent: A. FLOYD (re-election).
- For Co. Commissioner, 1st District: W. H. BRUMLEY (re-election).
- For County Commissioner (2nd Dist): R. L. MOSS.
- J. L. LAUGHLIN.
- W. B. SELFRIDGE.
- County Commissioner, 3rd Dist.: HENRY F. BIBB.
- W. H. BRENTS (re-election).

The men of Ada are getting some excellent muscular exercise in the work they are doing on the farms. It may be a little hard with some of them at first, after years spent indoors, but they will be the gainers in the end for swinging a hoe in crab grass beats any other form of physical training we know of.

Again the Hun drive has been stopped by the Allied forces and for the next two or three weeks they will probably devote their time to preparing for another attempt to break through the lines which now bar their progress to Paris and the channel ports. It is not conceivable that they will remain in their trenches the remainder of the summer, for they fully realize that unless the French and British are brought to terms before the Americans arrive in full force there can never be a chance for a victory. Every day of delay means the arrival of several thousand more Americans and the spirit shown by those already engaged in the campaign does not augur well for the Huns when a million more like them arrive. American initiative and American nerve are telling when brought into action.

### OWEN STRONG FOR WAR STAMPS SALES

Muskogee, Okla., June 6.—(Special)—United States Senator Robert L. Owen is anxious that Oklahomans respond to President Wilson's proclamation calling upon all persons to pledge themselves to invest in War Savings Stamps on June 28th—National War Savings Day. The following telegram was received tonight by George W. Barnes, State Director, War Savings for Oklahoma: "I have profoundly rejoiced to see Oklahoma so splendidly respond in the three Liberty Loans and in the Red Cross contributions. "This is a war to establish liberty on earth with all that freedom means—freedom of speech—freedom of conscience—freedom to come and go. We are waging this war against the most gigantic conspiracy in the history of the world. It is my sincere hope that the people of Oklahoma, realizing what this conflict is, will magnificently respond in the War Savings Campaign. This is where every man, woman and child can take part. I know that Oklahoma will be found in the front rank on June 28th—National War Savings Day. "ROBERT L. OWEN."

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

Dipping Notice. Yesterday the 5th, was the regular dipping day, but a number failed to bring their cattle. I will be at the vat on the 7th and if any still fail to come, they will be turned over to the sheriff.—W. B. Gay, State Cattle Inspector.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—Make Oklahoma 100 per cent on June 28th—National War Savings Day.

## "OUTWITTING THE HUN"

—BY—  
LIEUTENANT  
PAT O'BRIEN

ER IV.

Clipped Wings. The hospital in which I found myself on the morning after my capture was a private house made of brick, very low and dirty, and not at all adapted for use as a hospital. It had evidently been used but a few days on account of the big push that was taking place at that time of the year, and in all probability would be abandoned as soon as they had found a better place.

In all, the house contained four rooms and a stable, which was by far



Pat O'Brien and Paul Raney.

the largest of all. Although I never looked into this "wing" of the hospital, I was told that it, too, was filled with patients lying on beds of straw around on the ground. I do not know whether they, too, were officers or privates. The room in which I found myself contained eight beds, three of which were occupied by wounded German officers. The other rooms, I imagined, had about the same number of beds as mine. There were no Red Cross nurses in attendance, just orderlies, for this was only an emergency hospital and too near the firing line for nurses. The orderlies were not old men nor very young boys, as I had expected to find, but young men in the prime of life, who evidently had been medical students. One or two of them, I discovered, were able to talk English, but for some reason they would not talk. Perhaps they were forbidden by the officer in charge to do so.

In addition to the bullet wound in my mouth I had a swelling from my forehead to the back of my head almost as big as my shoe—and that is saying considerable. I couldn't move an inch without suffering intense pain, and when the doctor told me that I had no bones broken I wondered how a fellow would feel who had.

German officers visited me that morning and told me that my machine went down in a spinning nose dive from a height of between 8,000 and 9,000 feet, and they had the surprise of their lives when they discovered that I had not been dashed to pieces. They had to cut me out of my machine, which was riddled with shots and shattered to bits.

A German doctor removed the bullet from my throat, and the first thing he said to me when I came to was, "You are an American!"

There was no denying it, because the metal identification disk on my wrist bore the inscription:

"P. O'B.  
U. S. A.  
R. F. C."

Although I was suffering intense agony, the doctor, who spoke perfect English, insisted upon conversing with me.

"You may be all right as a sportsman," he declared, "but you are a damned murderer just the same for being here. You Americans who got into this thing before America came into the war are no better than common murderers and you ought to be treated the same way!"

The wound in my mouth made it impossible for me to answer him, and I was suffering too much pain to be hurt very much by anything he could say.

He asked me if I would like an apple! I could just as easily have eaten a brick.

When he got no answers out of me, he walked away disgustedly.

"You don't have to worry any more," he declared, as a parting shot. "For you the war is over."

I was given a little broth later in the day, and as I began to collect my thoughts I wondered what had happened to my comrades in the battle which had resulted so disastrously to me. As I began to realize my plight I worried less about my physical condition than the fact that, as the doctor had pointed out, for me the war was practically over. I had been in it but a short time, and now I would be a prisoner for the duration of the war! The next day some German flying officers visited me, and I must say they treated me with great consideration. They told me of the man I had brought down. They said he was a Bavarian and a fairly good pilot. They gave me his hat as a souvenir and complimented me on the fight I had put up.

My helmet, which was of soft leather, was split from front to back



Lieutenant O'Brien in the First Machine He Used in Active Service. With Him is Lieutenant Atkinson.

by a bullet from a machine gun, and they examined it with great interest. When they brought me my uniform I found that the star of my rank which had been on my right shoulder strap had been shot off clean. The one on my left shoulder strap they asked me for as a souvenir, as also my R. F. C. badges, which I gave them. They allowed me to keep my "wings," which I wore on my left breast, because they were aware that that is the proudest possession of a British flying officer.

I think I am right in saying that the only chivalry in this war on the German side of the trenches has been displayed by the officers of the German flying corps, which comprises the pick of Germany. They pointed out to me that I and my comrades were fighting purely for the love of it, whereas they were fighting in defense of their country, but still, they said, they admired us for our sportsmanship. I had a notion to ask them if dropping bombs on London and killing so many innocent people was in defense of their country, but I was in no position or condition to pick a quarrel at that time.

That same day a German officer was brought into the hospital and put in the bunk next to mine. Of course I casually looked at him, but did not pay particular attention to him at that time. He lay there for three or four hours before I did take a real good look at him. I was positive that he could not speak English, and naturally I did not say anything to him. Once when I looked over in his direction his eyes were on me, and to my surprise he said, very sarcastically, "What the hell are you looking at?" and then smiled. At this time I was just beginning to say a few words, as my wound had prevented me from talking, but I said enough to let him know what I was doing there and how I happened to be there. He evidently had heard my story from some of the others, though, because he said it was too bad I had not broken my neck; that he did not have much sympathy with the flying corps anyway.

He asked me what part of America I came from, and I told him "California." After a few more questions he learned that I hailed from San Francisco, and then added to my distress by saying, "How would you like to have a good, juicy steak right out of the Hofbrau?" Naturally I told him it would "hit the spot," but I hardly thought my mouth was in shape just then to eat it. I immediately asked, of course, what he knew about the Hofbrau, and he replied, "I was connected with the place a good many years, and I ought to know all about it."

After that this German officer and I became rather chummy; that is, as far as I could be chummy with an enemy, and we whiled away a good many long hours talking about the days we had spent in San Francisco, and frequently in the conversation one of us would mention some prominent Californian, or some little incident occurring there, with which we were both familiar. He told me when war was declared he was, of course, intensely patriotic and thought the only thing for him to do was to go back and aid in the defense of his country. He found that he could not go directly from San Francisco, because the water was too well guarded by the English, so he boarded a boat for South America. There he obtained a forged passport and in the guise of a Montevideoan took passage for New York and from there to England.

He passed through England without any difficulty on his forged passport, but concluded not to risk going to Holland for fear of exciting too much suspicion, so went down through the Strait of Gibraltar to Italy, which was neutral at that time, up to Austria, and thence to Germany. He said when they put in at Gibraltar, after leaving England, there were two suspects taken off the ship, men that he was sure were neutral subjects, but much to his relief his own passport and credentials were examined and passed O. K.

The Hun spoke of his voyage from America to England as being exceptionally pleasant, and said he had a fine time, because he associated with the English passengers on board, his fluent English readily admitting him to several spirited arguments on the subject of the war, which he keenly enjoyed. One little incident he related revealed the remarkable tact which our enemy displayed in his associations at sea, which no doubt resulted advantageously for him. As he expressed it, he "made a hit" one evening when the crowd had assembled for a little music by suggesting that they sing "God Save the King." Thereafter his popularity was assured and the desired effect accomplished, for very soon a French officer came up to him and said, "It's too bad that England and ourselves haven't men in our army like you." It was too bad, he agreed, in telling me about it, because he was confident he could have done a whole lot more for Germany if he had been in the English army. In spite of his apparent loyalty, however, the man didn't seem very enthusiastic over the war and frankly admitted one day that the old political battles waged in California were much more to his liking than the battles he had gone through over here. On second thought he laughed as though it were a good joke, but he evidently intended me to infer that he had taken a keen interest in politics in San Francisco.

When my "chummy enemy" first started his conversation with me, the German doctor in charge reprimanded him for talking to me, but he paid no attention to the doctor, showing that some real Americanism had soaked into his system while he had been in the U. S. A. I asked him one day what he thought the German people would do after the war; if he thought they would make Germany a republic, and much to my surprise he said very bitterly, "If I had my way about it, I would make her a republic today and hang the damned kaiser in the bargain." And yet he was considered an excellent soldier. I concluded, however, that he must have been a German socialist, though he never told me so. On one occasion I asked him for his name, but he said that I would probably never see him again and it didn't matter what his name was. I did not know whether he meant that the Germans would starve me out, or just what was on his mind, for at that time I am sure he did not figure on dying. The first two or three days I was in the hospital I thought surely he would be up and gone long before I was, but blood poisoning set in about that time, and just a few hours before I left for Courtrai he died.

One of those days, while my wound was still very troublesome, I was given an apple; whether it was just to torment me, knowing that I could not eat it, or whether for some other reason, I do not know. But anyway a German flying officer there had several in his pockets and gave me a nice one. Of course there was no chance of my eating it, so when the officer had gone and I discovered this San Francisco fellow looking at it rather longingly, I picked it up, intending to toss it over to him. But he shook his head and said, "If this was San Francisco I would take it, but I cannot take it from you here." I was never able to understand just why he refused the apple, for he was usually sociable and a good fellow to talk to, but apparently he could not forget that I was his enemy. However, that did not stop one of the orderlies from eating the apple.

One practice about the hospital impressed me particularly. That was, if a German soldier did not stand much chance of recovering sufficiently to take his place again in the war, the doctors did not exert themselves to see that he got well. But if a man had a fairly good chance of recovering and they thought he might be of some further use, everything that medical skill

could possibly do was done for him. I don't know whether this was done under orders or whether the doctors just followed their own inclinations in such cases.

My teeth had been badly jarred up from the shot, and I hoped that I might have a chance to have them fixed when I reached Courtrai, the prison where I was to be taken. So I asked the doctor if it would be possible for me to have this work done there, but he very curtly told me that, although there were several dentists at Courtrai, they were busy enough fixing the teeth of their own men without bothering about mine. He also added that I would not have to worry about my teeth; that I wouldn't be getting so much food that they would be put out of commission by working overtime. I wanted to tell him that from the way things looked he would not be wearing his out very soon either.

My condition improved during the next two days, and on the fourth day of my captivity I was well enough to write a brief message to my squadron, reporting that I was a prisoner of war and "feeling fine," although, as a matter of fact, I was never so depressed in my life. I realized, however, that if the message reached my comrades it would be relayed to my mother in Moline, Ill., and I did not want to worry her more than was absolutely necessary. It was enough for her to know that I was a prisoner. She did not have to know that I was wounded.

I had hopes that my message would be carried over the lines and dropped by one of the German flying officers. That is a courtesy which is usually practiced on both sides. I recalled how patiently we had waited in our airframe for news of our men who had failed to return, and I could picture my squadron speculating on my fate.

That is one of the saddest things connected with service in the R. F. C. You don't care much what happens to you, but the constant casualties among your friends are very depressing.

You go out with your "flight" and get into a muck. You get scattered, and when your formation is broken up you finally wing your way home alone. Perhaps you are the first to land. Soon another machine shows in the sky, then another, and you patiently wait for the rest to appear. Within an hour, perhaps, all have shown up save one, and you begin to speculate and wonder what has happened to him.

Has he lost his way? Has he landed at some other airfield? Did the Huns get him?

When darkness comes you realize that, at any rate, he won't be back that night, and you hope for a telephone call from him telling of his whereabouts.

If the night passes without sign or word from him, he is reported as missing and then you watch for his casualty to appear in the war office lists. One day, perhaps a month later, a message is dropped over the line by the German flying corps with a list of pilots captured or killed by the Huns, and then, for the first time, you know definitely why it was your comrade failed to return the day he last went over the line with his squadron.

I was still musing over this melancholy phase of the scout's life when an orderly told me there was a beautiful battle going on in the air, and he volunteered to help me outside the hospital that I might witness it, and I readily accepted his assistance.

That afternoon I saw one of the gamest fights I ever expect to witness. There were six of our machines against perhaps sixteen Huns. From the type of the British machines I knew that they might possibly be from my own aerodrome. Two of our machines had been apparently picked out by six of the Huns and were bearing the brunt of the fight. The contest seemed to me to be so unequal that victory for

our men was hardly to be thought of, and yet at one time they so completely outmaneuvered the Huns that I thought their superior skill might save the day for them, despite the fact that they were so hopelessly outnumbered. One thing I was sure of: they would never give in.

Of course, it would have been a comparatively simple matter for our men, when they saw how things were going against them, to have turned their noses down, landed behind the German lines and given themselves up as prisoners, but that is not the way of the R. F. C.

A battle of this kind seldom lasts many minutes, although every second seems like an hour to those who participate in it, and even onlookers suffer more thrills in the course of the struggle than they would ordinarily experience in a lifetime. It is apparent even to a novice that the loser's fate is death.

Of course, the Germans around the hospital were all watching and rooting for their comrades, but the English, too, had one sympathizer in that group who made no effort to stifle his admiration for the bravery his countrymen were displaying.

The end came suddenly. Four machines crashed to earth almost simultaneously. It was an even break—two of theirs and two of ours. The others apparently returned to their respective lines.

The wound in my mouth made it impossible for me to speak, but by means of a pencil and paper I requested one of the German officers to find out for me who the English officers were who had been shot down.

A little later he returned and handed me a photograph taken from the body of one of the victims. It was a picture of Paul Raney of Toronto, and myself, taken together! Poor Raney! He was the best friend I had and one of the best and gamest men who ever fought in France.

It was he, I learned long after, who, when I was reported missing, had checked over all my belongings and sent them back to England with a signed memorandum—which is now in my possession. Poor fellow, he little realized then that but a day or two later he would be engaged in his last heroic battle with me a helpless onlooker!

The same German officer who brought me the photograph also drew a map for me of the exact spot where Raney was buried in Flanders. I guarded it carefully all through my subsequent adventures and finally turned it over to his father and mother when I visited them in Toronto to perform the hardest and saddest duty I have ever been called upon to execute—to confirm to them in person the tidings of poor Paul's death.

The other British pilot who fell was also from my squadron and a man I knew well—Lieutenant Keith of Australia. I had given him a picture of myself only a few hours before I started on my own disastrous flight. He was one of the star pilots of our squadron and had been in many a desperate battle before, but this time the odds were too great for him. He put up a wonderful fight and he gave as much as he took.

The next two days passed without incident and I was then taken to the intelligence department of the German flying corps, which was located about an hour from the hospital. There I was kept two days, during which time they put a thousand and one questions to me. While I was there I turned over to them the message I had written in the hospital and asked them to have one of their flyers drop it on our side of the line.

They asked me where I would like to have it dropped, thinking perhaps I would give my airframe away, but when I smiled and shook my head, they did not insist upon an answer.

"I'll drop it over —," declared one of them, naming my airframe, which revealed to me that their flying corps is as efficient as other branches of the service in the matter of obtaining valuable information.

And right here I want to say that a more I came to know of the enemy, the more keenly I realized what a difficult task we're going to have to lick him. In all my subsequent experiences, the fact that there is a heap of fight left in the Huns still was thoroughly brought home to me. We shall win the war eventually, if we don't slow up too soon, in the mistaken idea that the Huns are ready to lie down.

The flying officers who questioned me were extremely anxious to find out all they could about the part America is going to play in the war, but they evidently came to the conclusion that America hadn't taken me very deeply into her confidence, judging from the information they got, or failed to get, from me.

At any rate, they gave me up as a bad job, and I was ordered to the officers' prison at Courtrai, Belgium.

(To be Continued)  
S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

### Results Will Startle Ada.

People report quick results from pure Lavoptik eye wash. A girl with weak, strained eyes was helped by ONE application. Her mother could not sew or read because of eye pains. In one week her trouble was gone. A small bottle of Lavoptik is guaranteed to help EVERY CASE weak, strained or inflamed eyes. ONE WASH startsles with its quick results. Aluminum eye cup FREE.—Gwin & Mays Drug Co.

\*\*\*\*\*  
Eclipse Saturday.  
\* A total eclipse of the sun will \*  
\* be seen in parts of Oklahoma \*  
\* Saturday afternoon about 6 \*  
\* o'clock. In Pontotoc county it \*  
\* will lack a little of being total, \*  
\* but will be nearly so. Shawnee \*  
\* is the nearest point from here \*  
\* where it will be total. \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

### \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. J. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of J. Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.  
Address: E. J. HENNEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold Everywhere.  
S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

### TYROLA PICKUPS.

Crops are looking fine but are needing rain.  
Mrs. Jim Bevel spent the day Sunday with relatives at Ada.  
Mrs. Allie Bevel and children of Dillon, Okla., are visiting relatives at this place.  
Mr. and Mrs. Pharr visited friends at Knox last week.  
Earnest and Opal Pharr went to Ada Saturday.  
We had a good sermon at this place Sunday. We had a good crowd and everything went off nicely.  
Nouella and Lena Manely went to Konawa Saturday afternoon.  
Mr. and Mrs. Tom Myres went to Ada Saturday.  
There will be preaching at this place Sunday and everybody invited.  
Percy Simpson went to Ada Tuesday and returned Wednesday.  
Come on with your news.  
BUFFALO BILL.

Billiousness is a condition that breeds disease in the vital organs and ought to be corrected promptly. Prickly Ash Bitters is the true remedy. It vitalizes the blood, drives out impurities in the bowels, makes you feel bright, strong and hearty. Price \$1.25 per bottle.—Gwin & Mays Drug Co.

C. E. Cuning is now clerk of the W. O. W. and can be found at the Dascomb Daniels Lumber yard.  
S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.  
5-9-1mo

A War Savings Society is a War Club and is as essential for the promulgation of thrift and savings as the old-fashioned war club was for the savage.  
S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.—  
Let a Want Ad get it for you

## Have you a Musical Car?

Does it squeak and wheeze and whistle every time you run it out? Then run it over here and let's see what's the matter. It may need HAVOLINE OIL and Havoline Greases.

### F.A. FORD

HOSIERY  
UNDERWEAR  
AND SWEATERS  
A. J. CRAWFORD  
WINONA MILLS  
SALESMAN  
PHONE 674 or 718-J

No. 66 Squadron, Royal Flying Corps.  
**INVENTORY OF KIT**  
2/Lieut. A.O'Brien, R.F.C. (S.R.) Reported missing 17-8-17

Packed in Trunk.

- 2 suits Pyjamas.
- 1 Shirt.
- 4 Vests.
- 3 Pairs. Pants.
- 2 Pairs. Combinations.
- 1 Night Shirt.
- 9 Towels.
- 1 Pr. Shorts.
- 1 Pr. Puttees.
- 2 Pairs. Breeches.
- 1 Pr. Trousers.
- 1 Strap.
- 1 Suit civilian clothes.
- 1 Belt.
- 1 Tunic.
- 2 American Tunics.
- 1 Pr. Ankle Boots.
- 1 British Warm Coat.
- 2 Pr. Goggles.
- 1 San Brywne Belt.
- 1 Cane.
- 1 Box Dentrifrice.
- 3 Blankets.

2/Lieut. A.O'Brien, R.F.C.  
Commanding No. 66 Squadron, Royal Flying Corps.

Photograph of Official Memorandum, Giving an Inventory of the Personal Belongings of Lieutenant O'Brien, Which Were Turned Over to Lieutenant Raney When O'Brien Was Reported Missing on August 17, 1917.



"Follow the Crowd"

TONIGHT

And All This Week

LESTER LINDSEY  
TENT THEATRE CO.

On The  
Compress Lot

High Class Vaudeville be-  
tween the Acts

Doors open at 7:30  
Performance at 8:45

I have cash customer for 7 or 8  
room house. Must be desirable lo-  
cation and modern in every respect.  
If you want to sell, see me at once.  
Cloer at Commercial Hotel. 5-24-1f

OIL MEN  
ATTENTION

Oil Maps and Plats  
Drawings Executed

Joe I. Davis

Phone 868  
Ada, Oklahoma

CLOER

Bargains for  
Quick Sale

10 rooms, modern, South Town-  
send, close in. Price \$4,250.00

8 room house, modern, orchard,  
vineyard, garage, servant house  
2 lots, East 17th. Price \$5,000  
Terms.

5 room house, new and modern,  
one acre lot. East 7th. Price  
\$2,500. Terms.

5 room house and 1 lot, new  
and modern, sleeping porch.  
For quick sale, \$2,100.00. West  
17th.

6 room bungalow, new and  
modern, good location. Price  
\$3,150.00. East 10th street.

6 room house, garage, garden,  
corner lot, south front. Price  
\$2,800.00. East 8th Street.

Building lots, one acre fronting  
high school grounds. Price  
\$900.00.

Lots 1 and 2 fronting corner  
Francis and 12th streets \$1,000  
Also lot 4 block 8 on 13th St.  
Price \$350.

Also other bargains. See

CLOER AT COMMERCIAL HO-  
TEL

## LETTER FROM AN AMERICAN MOTHER

(By the Associated Press)  
Cleveland, O., June 6.—The letter  
of a patriotic American mother has  
just been made public here because  
of the inspiration it contains. Sen-  
timents of greater sacrifice have not  
been uttered since the war began.  
The letter was written by Mrs. Kath-  
erine O'Brien, of New York City to  
a daughter, Mrs. Grace McCutcheon,  
of Cleveland.

Mrs. O'Brien sent five sons to  
France, two of whom have given up  
their lives, a sixth has just enlisted;  
a daughter has lost a hand while  
acting as a Red Cross nurse on the  
battlefield, and another daughter is  
training for the Red Cross.

Mrs. McCutcheon, the third daugh-  
ter, obtained employment in a store  
here when her husband left for avia-  
tion service in France. The letter  
follows:

My Darling Daughter:  
Just wired your sister and you  
of your brother Thomas' death,  
which I know will undoubtedly upset  
you a great deal. But, my dear, you  
must not let it worry you. Just think  
as I do, it was the will of our Father  
in heaven and that our cause is  
a noble one and that we cannot give  
too much. Where we love and live we  
must be willing to sacrifice in all  
that we can.

My dear, the loss of Larry was  
hard for me, as he was the first to go,  
and in less than four months to lose  
our other boy is a great deal. But I  
have only one regret—that I have  
not more sons to give.

Paul went down this afternoon to  
enlist. I did not want him to go  
just now, as he is too young, but I  
pray for him and ask the Lord to  
give me strength to go to him and  
say, "My son, I want you to go and  
do just as your mother has done and,  
if God wills, give every drop of blood  
for a cause that I will feel proud  
of."

My dear, I do not want you to  
wait any longer, but go and do your  
duty, as they need you over there  
for the sake of your three other  
brothers and the one to go. Also  
think of your husband, for you may  
be able to see them all.

If it were possible for me to give  
a helping hand at the cost of my life,  
I would do so. We give all our time  
to the Red Cross, hardly take time  
to eat. And I know that you are  
doing your share. You say you are  
working at the Wm. Taylor Son &  
Co., and I hope with what you earn  
and can spare you are buying bonds.

You say your just got your third  
one. That is not enough. When you  
answer this letter write and say you  
got the extra one and say you also  
are on your way over there to help  
those you can. Florence is taking a  
short course at Roosevelt hospital  
and will go over as soon as she can.

Understand me, daughter! Do your  
bit in everything. Let nothing go by  
you where you are not a helper in.  
I do not want you to grieve over  
your brothers but be thankful you  
have had so many to give. Also think  
of the sister you have over there. At  
what a price she is there!

So do not let your mother—old  
and gray—plead with you to go if  
you are able, but go! Oh God grant  
that you, too, will be able to get your  
heart and soul into this and have me  
be the proudest mother in this land  
of all lands.

We are sad now but in my heart I  
am more than glad to know my lads  
are the bravest boys in New York.

Be like your mother. Do give and  
sacrifice all that is in you. Be a  
bright and sweet girl and do your  
best. Do not worry over it, but buy  
another bond and do it now.

Father had an operation Tues-  
day and we have not told him of  
Thomas' death. With love and sincere  
wishes.

Your loving,  
MOTHER.

—S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

Don't expect to get through a hot  
summer of hard work without a sick  
spell, if you start with your system  
full of impurities. To avoid a break-  
down in the busy season begin now  
taking Prickly Ash Bitters. It will  
purify the blood, liver and bowels and  
put the system in healthy condition.  
Price \$1.25 per bottle.—Gwin &  
Mays Drug Co.

Have a cash customer for desirable  
lot. See Cloer at the Commercial.  
5-20-1f

# FRIDAY NIGHT Queen Esther Sacred Opera

THE MOST ELABORATE  
THE MOST PERFECT  
HOME PRODUCTION  
Ever Staged in Ada  
THE ACTING IS BRILLIANT  
THE COSTUMES ARE ELABORATE  
THE SINGING IS SUPERB.

SOLOISTS IN LEADING ROLES  
King ————— MR. CRUTCHFIELD  
Queen ————— MISS CURRY  
Mordecai ————— MR. JAMES  
Haman ————— MR. CUNNING  
Zerish ————— MRS. MOLLOY

OTHER SOLOISTS  
The Prophetess ————— MRS. A. T. BEASLEY  
Mordecai's Sister ————— MRS. NELLE MORRISON  
First Maid of Honor ————— MISS GRACE SHELTON  
The Herald ————— MR. WALTERS  
The Median Princess ————— MRS. MEARS  
The Persian Princess ————— MRS. BOGGAN  
Harbonah ————— MR. PENROSE  
The Scribe ————— MR. ERICSON  
The High Priest ————— MR. FENTEM  
The Beggar ————— MR. MOLLOY

This is a real opera in every sense, with the best  
musicians in town taking part. Leading roles tak-  
en by superb actors and singers.

Choruses and Soloists Coached by Miss Curry  
Costumes and Scenery managed by Mrs. Cutler  
40 in the Choruses

Normal Auditorium Friday 8:30 P. M.  
Tickets 50 and 75 Cents

## HOW RED CROSS HAS REACHED ITALIANS

Headquarters Italian Army, May  
31.—(Correspondence of The Associ-  
ated Press)—Throughout Italy and  
particularly in this section near the  
fighting front, the work of American  
relief accomplished by American Red  
Cross workers has served as a medium  
for stirring the spirit of resist-  
ance among the people and soldiers.  
It has contributed toward keeping  
them heartened for the trials of the  
war and letting know that America  
was united with them in it.

It is a work going on all over Italy,  
but here near the front it deals with  
actual fighting conditions, in a belt  
of country lying just back of the  
fighting line, with masses of troops  
battered in towns, villages and coun-  
try districts, and a vast wave of re-  
fugees, swept south and west from the  
invaded regions, settling down with  
all their misery like a swarm of loc-  
usts on the local communities.

In such a section the work is  
something more than one of relief,  
for while \$200,000 has been distrib-  
uted in this one section yet the main  
purpose has been to stimulate and  
hearten the spirit of the peasantry  
to arouse their ardor and support for  
the men on the fighting line, and to  
let them know that America and all  
her resources are with them to the end.

Those provinces of Treviso, Vene-  
tia and Padua lie just back of the  
Piave and mountain fighting fronts.  
Treviso province is on the border  
line, with half its communes occu-  
pied by the enemy and half by the  
Italians, and the Piave running be-  
tween the two severed parts of the  
province. Every one of the 38 Tre-  
viso communes remaining under Italian  
control have been visited by the  
American Red Cross workers; the  
103 communes of Padua province  
have been similarly visited; and  
some 75 communes in Venetia province.

Stirring scenes have been witness-  
ed in these country districts as the  
American workers have carried on  
their work, under the general direc-  
tion of Captain Thwaites, in charge of  
civilian relief in the war zone. At  
Este, for example, a public holiday  
was decreed, the town was placarded  
with posters announcing that "the  
Americans are coming," school chil-  
dren and the mayor gave a dinner  
with speeches. The same wave of  
appreciation and enthusiasm has  
spread everywhere, until the whole  
region rings with what the Amer-  
icans are doing.

The tour today lay due north to  
the very margin of the fighting coun-  
try, and one could see side by side  
the stir of a tentative military prepara-  
tion, the spring awakening of a  
great agricultural region, and the  
squalid misery of the unfortunate  
mass swept out of the invaded region  
and settled down here unable to  
get any further. On the right was  
the Piave river with the defenses

on the heights of Asolo and the  
Montello region, and ahead was the  
snow covered peaks of Mount Grappa  
and its line of mountain defenses  
stretching west to the Brenta river.

The signs of military preparation  
and defense were on every hand,  
even at this distance ten or fifteen  
miles back of the actual fighting line  
for everything is prepared ahead for  
the possible eventuality of the con-  
flict surging down into this peaceful  
plain. Squads of army engineers were  
at all the bridges, digging deep pits  
for mine to blow up these structures  
and block the advance of the enemy.

Sentinels were on guard every  
hundred feet along the Brenta canal  
guarding this precious artery of  
communication. Across the fields new  
trenches were being dug up, so that  
the farm country was gradually tak-  
ing on the aspect of an armed camp.

Barbed wire entanglements criss-  
crossed the fields. Some of the em-  
placements for batteries and ma-  
chine-guns looked very solid and  
well well serve as a permanent for-  
tification. Soldiers marched along  
the roads in endless lines, with great  
parks of horses, mules, ammunition  
and supplies and all the village  
streets were thick with soldiers and  
the mixture of ragged and impover-  
ished refugees. At all the places vis-  
ited there was the same procedure;  
the important officials and citizens  
of the town were gathered for a con-  
ference on the community's needs—  
the mayor, assessor, head school  
teacher, and the parish priest. They  
furnished the exact statistics of fam-  
ilies in need, conducting the party  
to the chief centers of distress when  
this was possible, and then the Red  
Cross started them on a plan of re-  
lief work, with substantial contri-  
butions according to the need.

"It is not only the donation that  
counts," explained Captain Thwaites,  
"for that is only a token of the  
solidarity of Italy and the United  
States. We want it to be a contribu-  
tion to strengthen the spirit of re-  
sistance of every soldier and every  
worker behind the lines."

—S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

When food gives you distress you  
need a dose of Prickly Ash Bitters to  
relieve the stomach and help diges-  
tion. It is a fine stomach and bowel  
purifier. Price \$1.25 per bottle.—  
Gwin & Mays Drug Co.

—S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

Clothing Scarce in Germany.  
(By the Associated Press)  
New York, June 6.—The scarcity  
of clothing in Germany has resulted  
in an order that all municipalities  
negotiate with societies for the uti-  
lization of materials used for hall  
decorations, says the Berlin Tage-  
blatt. The imperial clothing board  
has been forced to deny the applica-  
tion of communities for the delivery  
of clothing and linen for city chil-  
dren sent to the country, because of  
the scarcity of supplies. Worn foot-  
wear and old leather may be sold on-  
ly to persons and boards designated  
by the imperial board for shoe sup-  
ply. The same holds good as to all  
finished goods in whole or in part of  
leather such as trunks and hat and  
helmet boxes, footballs, dice boxes,  
saddles, school knapsacks, harness,  
card cases.

## J. I. LAUGHLIN FOR CO. COMMISSIONER

J. I. Laughlin presents himself to  
the voters of the second district as a  
candidate for the Democratic nomi-  
nation as County Commissioner. Mr.  
Laughlin is a successful farmer re-  
siding near Center and has resided  
in Pontotoc county several years,  
having had ample time and opportu-  
nity to study conditions and learn the  
needs of the county. He is a man  
of few words and does not come be-  
fore the people with a string of  
promises of things he expects to do,  
in case of election, then forget these  
promises as soon as the election is  
over, but simply promises to give best  
efforts to the duties of the office, in  
case of his election, and work dili-  
gently for the interests of the tax  
payer, endeavoring to give the coun-  
ty a conservative and business ad-  
ministration. Those who know him  
best know that he will fulfill this  
promise to the full extent of his abili-  
ty and that the finances of the coun-  
ty will be safe in his hands.

—S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

STEEDMAN.

Another shower last Saturday  
morning but it was really needed as  
the ground was getting hard.

O. my, but the gardens are fine.  
Prof. Billingsley moved to Franks  
last Thursday and Mrs. Coffman moved  
in as she had purchased the prop-  
erty from Mr. Billingsley.

Ray Murphy and wife were visit-  
ing in Steedman Sunday.

Some sickness yet, but not as much  
as three weeks ago.  
Dr. Standridge's folks are all up  
now from a siege of smallpox.

The Odd Fellows held their elec-  
tion last Monday night, electing  
Uncle Jim Gillespie, N. G.; and Lon  
Cotner, V. G.

Work on the new gin is moving  
along nicely. They have all the  
ditches dug and all forms completed  
ready for the concrete. They unload-  
ed two cars of sand Saturday after-  
noon.

We observe wheatless and meatless  
days and Sunday was traitless day on  
the M., O. & G. on account of a  
wreck between Steedman and Lula.  
Grandpa Price is very feeble since  
he came back from the Masonic home.

Fred McCoy of Stonewall was over  
Friday.

Since the last writing two stores  
have been opened up. J. W. Brown  
of Tupelo, and W. S. Hickitt of  
Stonewall, have both put in small  
stocks and there is room for a good  
store yet.

—S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

I have a few real bargains, for  
quick sale; also houses of different  
sizes and well located lots. If you  
want to buy something, see Cloer  
at Commercial hotel for quick action.  
6-1-1f

—S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

Four section, single township and  
township plots on sale at News office

## WANT ADS

LOST

LOST—Bumper off a Buick automo-  
bile. Phone 721.—S. J. Armstrong.  
6-6-1f

FOUND

FOUND—Gold chain. Byron Norrell,  
News office. 6-4-3t

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Southeast bed room.  
106 East 13th. 6-5-3t

FOR RENT—2 rooms for light house  
keeping. 231 East 14th. Phone 716.  
5-31-1f

FOR RENT—Bed room and kitchen-  
ette for light housekeeping. 600 E.  
Seventh. 6-4-3t\*

FOR RENT—7 room house, modern,  
in Sunrise. Call at 847 East 7th St.  
C. E. Holt. 6-5-4t\*

FOR RENT—Furnished bed rooms.  
—Mrs. M. J. Phillips, 707 East Main.  
Phone 109. 1-3-1f

FOR RENT—Rooms for light house-  
keeping. Phone 224. Mrs. Saffar-  
rans, 601 Townsend. 6-3-1f

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished bed  
room, modern house, 127 West 16th;  
lady or man and wife.—Mrs. M. M.  
Webster, phone 417. 5-30-1f

WANTED

WANTED—A boy. See Nagle, the  
Tailor. 6-5-2t

WANTED—Your cleaning and press-  
ing. Miller Bros. 3-1-1f

WANTED—Large, clean cotton rags.  
3c per pound.—News Office.

WANTED—To rent Typewriter for  
two months. Phone 203. 6-5-1f

WANTED—Woman for house work.  
Apply 704 West 5th street, or phone  
315.

WANTED—Capable woman or girl  
for general house work. Mrs. Thomp-  
son. Phone 235. 6-3-3t

WANTED—Boy to answer phone  
calls at night. Room free and small  
salary. Phone 692. 5-2-1f.

WANTED—A man to plow on farm.  
Board furnished. Apply to Henry  
Clark, 500 W. 6th. 6-6-1f

WANTED—To buy second hand  
ceiling fan. Must be in good condi-  
tion. Call at Phonograph Shop, or  
phone 817. 6-5-3t

WANTED—man with family to work  
on farm by the month. House, gar-  
den and cow furnished.—W. C. Rol-  
low. 6-4-6td

WANTED—Second hand meal and  
cake bags. Will pay ten cents each  
for good sound bags. Osage Cotton  
Oil Company. 3-25-1f

SALESMEN WANTED—The Allied  
Bankers Securities Co. wants a rep-  
resentative in this territory; com-  
mission and salary bonus. We co-  
operate with our representatives and  
handle only legitimate dividend pay-  
ing investments. Suite 439 Lee  
Building, Oklahoma City. 6-3-4td\*

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—1917 Ford car; Reason-  
able price.—Arthur Pullen. 6-6-1\*

FOR SALE—75 foot front, block 8,  
E. 10th street. Send offer to Box  
217, New Wilson, Okla. 5-5-6t\*

FOR SALE—1917 Ford Roadster.  
new tires. Used very little. Bargain.  
—F. A. Ford Garage. 6-6-3t

FOR SALE—6 room house and 2  
desirable lots on West 9th; cheap.  
Can carry \$800 or \$1000.—Dr. B. F.  
Sullivan. 6-1-1f

STEEDMAN.

Another shower last Saturday

morning but it was really needed as

the ground was getting hard.

O. my, but the gardens are fine.

Prof. Billingsley moved to Franks

last Thursday and Mrs. Coffman moved

in as she had purchased the prop-

erty from Mr. Billingsley.

Ray Murphy and wife were visit-

ing in Steedman Sunday.

Some sickness yet, but not as much

as three weeks ago.

Dr. Standridge's folks are all up

now from a siege of smallpox.

The Odd Fellows held their elec-

tion last Monday night, electing

Uncle Jim Gillespie, N. G.; and Lon

Cotner, V. G.

Work on the new gin is moving

along nicely. They have all the

ditches dug and all forms completed

ready for the concrete. They unload-

ed two cars of sand Saturday after-

noon.

We observe wheatless and meatless

days and Sunday was traitless day on

the M., O. & G. on account of a

wreck between Steedman and Lula.

Grandpa Price is very feeble since

he came back from the Masonic home.

Fred McCoy of Stonewall was over

Friday.

Since the last writing two stores

have been opened up. J. W. Brown

of Tupelo, and W. S. Hickitt of

Stonewall, have both put in small

stocks and there is room for a good

store yet.

—S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

I have a few real bargains, for

quick sale; also houses of different

sizes and well located lots. If you

want to buy something, see Cloer

at Commercial hotel for quick action.

6-1-1f

—S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

Four section, single township and

township plots on sale at News office

## Baby Buggies

We are showing some of the  
nicest ones ever brought to the  
city. Cozy, comfortable and  
very economically priced. See  
them before buying.

JACKSON BROS.

Let us tell you where to  
buy your Liberty Bonds  
and Thrift Stamps

BUY YOUR

COAL

OF US—TERMS CASH

Ada Ice  
& Cold Storage Co.

PHONE 29

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. CATHERINE THRELKELD  
County Health Officer  
Over Sunrise Store  
Day and Night Telephone 577

Office Phone 1 Res. Phone 325  
ISHAM L. CUMMINGS  
Physician and Surgeon  
X-Ray and Electro-Therapy  
Laboratory

Office Just East of M. & P. Bank

T. H. Granger Ed Granger  
Phone 259 Phone 477  
GRANGER & GRANGER  
Dentists

Phone 212  
Norris-Haney Building  
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F. C. SIMS  
Real Estate, Fire and Tornado In-  
surance—Farm and City Loans

A share of your patronage is solicited  
and will receive prompt attention  
Office in I. O. O. F. Building

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EMBALMERS AND UNDERTAKERS  
Auto Ambulance Luggage  
115 East Main St., Ada, Okla.  
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Justice of the Peace  
and Notary Public  
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tention given

Court House Phone 207

Office Phone 51. Res. Phone 539  
DR. F. R. LAIRD  
DENTIST

Office First National Bank Bldg.  
Ada, Okla.

DR. C. A. THOMAS  
VETERINARY SURGEON  
Office at Hospital  
Phones:

Office 306. Residence 243



## Why We Fight

No. 2

Because Germany's Law is the Law of the Jungle and Her Doctrine "Might is Right"

By CLARENCE L. SPEED  
Secretary of the War Committee of the  
Union League Club of Chicago.

We are at war with Germany because Prussia dominates Germany, and from the days of Frederick the Great, Prussia's law has been the law of the jungle, her doctrine "Might is Right" and her policy, in dealing with other nations, one of robbing the weak and terrorizing the strong. Germany has grabbed territory and exacted tribute from her neighbors, and finally, her greed becoming greater, has looked out over more distant lands, and has committed herself to a policy of world domination which menaces the continued free existence of every nation which will not submit to her will.

Germany's policy is not an accidental one. It has been carried out with remarkable singleness of purpose from generation to generation of Hohenzollern rule, from the time of the Great Frederick until today. Germany's atrocities are not accidental. They are a deliberate, well thought out part of this Hohenzollern policy, which was to break down the resistance of her opponents, not only by fighting and defeating their armies but by killing, torturing and terrorizing the civil populations.

The German rulers committed themselves to the doctrine of the survival of the fittest. Through generations of teaching they made the German people believe that they, and they alone, were the fit.

We have the words of the German rulers and German warriors and German leaders of thought for all of this. More than that we have the performance of German officers and German armies in conquered lands to prove it. Let's start with Frederick the Great in presenting the evidence. This monarch, who earned his sobriquet through despoiling his neighbors, rather than through any real qualities of mind which he showed, said, in a letter to his minister, Radziwill:

"If there is anything to be gained by it, we will be honest; if deception is necessary, let us be cheats. One takes what one can, and one is wrong only when obliged to give back."

This philosophy, applied to present conditions, means that Germany was right when she took Belgium, and will be wrong only if she is not able to hold it.

From Frederick the Great to Bismarck is a long jump in the matter of time; but we find the Prussian policy unchanged. Speaking before the military committee of the Prussian Chamber of Deputies in 1862 Bismarck said:

"Not by speeches and resolutions of majorities are the great questions of the time decided, but by iron and blood."

Then, with blood and iron, Prussia went out and despoiled Denmark of territory in 1864, beat and robbed Austria in 1866, and finally, in 1870, brought France to her knees and took her richest provinces.

Here is what the present Kaiser told his troops when, in 1900, they were about to depart for China to put down the boxer uprising:

"Use your weapons in such a way that for a thousand years no Chinese shall dare to look upon a German as a man. Be as terrible as Attila the Hun."

Coming on down to the present war we find a German minister accredited to a neutral state far across the sea—one which one would think should be free from the entanglements of world politics—writing home to his government, in a state paper, advising the sinking of two ships from this neutral nation, in such a manner that no trace be left. Dead men, he believed, tell no tales.

It was Baron Luxburg, minister plenipotentiary to Argentina, who wrote this amazing dispatch on May 19, 1917: "I beg that the small steamers Oran and Guazo . . . which are nearing Bordeaux . . . be spared if possible, or else sunk without a trace being left."

This telegram was intercepted in the United States and published. It sent a thrill of horror around the world. Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg is a true disciple of Frederick the Great, Bismarck and his royal master. In a public speech on January 31, 1917, he said:

"When the most ruthless methods are calculated to lead us to victory, swift victory, they must be employed."

So they were used, and are being used today. They include sinking of hundreds of neutral ships, the burning of cities, the deliberate devastating of the fair lands of France, the ravishing of women, the enslavement of workmen and the murder of little children.

Horrors such as these are told in detail in "The Prussian System," by F. C. Walcott, who, for a long time, was engaged in behalf of America in trying to get food to the Poles whom the Germans were deliberately starving by the hundreds of thousands so that they might not cumber the land which the Germans intended to occupy.

Knowing all this, can the American people talk of any peace by negotiation? Can they stop this war until this mad dog of nations is freed from the military rulers who teach frightfulness from the cradle, and will only seize a respite now to prepare themselves for further conquests?

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

Get your adding machine paper at the News Office.

## City News

Get it at Gwin & Mays.  
See Warren and See Better.  
Have your Photo made at West's.

Forty-cent plate lunch—Schrieber's. C. V. Gowing left this morning on a business trip to Kansas City.

A. B. Blanks returned this afternoon from a business trip to McAllister.

Supt. V. H. Durham came in from Holdenville this afternoon to visit the Normal.

Prof. C. W. White of Vanoss has been employed as principal of the school at Lula for next term.

Mrs. M. J. Beets has returned from a visit to her son and daughter at Winfield, Kan., and El Reno.

Mrs. Lon A. Braley left yesterday for Shamrock, Tex., where she will visit her daughter, Mrs. S. E. Bradley.

Lieut. W. C. Threlkeld, who is with the medical corps of the army, arrived this afternoon on a leave of absence.

W. D. Little returned this afternoon from Kansas City where he attended a conference of fuel administrators.

Mmes. Louis Brown of Sasakwa, and G. E. Hutchinson of Allen and Miss Atwood were guests of Sam Donaghy and wife Wednesday and this morning.

J. C. Barnard, bookkeeper at the Katy, left yesterday for Fort Riley, Kansas to enter camp. He hopes to meet his brother, Charles R. Barnard, who is already in a base hospital in France.

Cranston Smith and wife are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Dodd, parents of Mrs. Smith. Mr. Smith has operated a lino-type in the Oklahoma office during the past four years since he left the Ada News.

Prof. A. L. Fentem was able to round up and send between forty and fifty men to the fields this morning. The situation is still urgent but every effort is being made to meet it and Mr. Fentem says the men are responding cheerfully when called.

An interesting program has been arranged for the Children's Day exercises at the First Presbyterian church next Sunday morning at the regular Sunday school hour. Beginning at 9:45 a. m. the children and young people will tell about the Sunday school mission work and promise an enjoyable and profitable hour to all who come.

Judge C. O. Barton and son Percy have returned from a visit to their son and brother, Capt. R. O. Barton, at Camp Doniphan, where the latter is an instructor in the machine gun corps.

The judge says the instructors have their hands full and are putting in from twelve to fourteen hours every day preparing the men for service in the trenches. These officers would much prefer being in France but at present the war department is holding them here to make trained soldiers of the raw recruits who are being taught what will be expected of them when they reach Europe and like patriotic soldiers are doing their duty without complaint.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

Evidently He Was Not.

James and John were twins and inseparable. James, who was rather sickly, was especially dependent upon his stronger brother and cried whenever the latter was out of his sight. One day John woke early from their daily nap and came downstairs. Later, when James awoke and found himself alone, he cried lustily. John heard him and, stepping to the stairway, he called in the most sympathetic elder brother tone: "What's the matter, Jamie? Ain't I up there?"

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

The Eager Life.

Whenever a process of life communicates an eagerness to him who lives it, there the life becomes genuinely significant. Sometimes the eagerness is more knit up with the motor activities, sometimes with the perceptions, sometimes with the imagination, sometimes with reflective thought. But, wherever it is found, there is the zest, the tingle, the excitement of reality; and there is "importance" in the only real and positive sense in which importance ever anywhere can be.—William James.

Venezuela Sparsely Populated.

The area of the republic of Venezuela is 1,020,400 square kilometers (393,976 square miles) and the estimated population on December 31, 1916, 2,824,934. This population is centered in the coastal and mountain districts. The states of Apure and Bolivar and the Delta-Amacuro and Amazonas territories, with an average population of 0.3 per square kilometer, are among the most sparsely inhabited districts in the world.

Better Than a Fish Story.

This narrative comes from Nairobi, in British East Africa. A hunter met a most magnificent lion almost face to face. With a terrible roar the beast sprang at the man but missed his aim by jumping two feet too high. Disappointed, it dashed away into the woods. The next day a party set out to track the beast down. At length they came upon it in an open space in the jungle. The beast was practicing low jumps.

Computing Time in Greenland.

Up in Greenland, where the nights are six months long, the time-table makes no difference on the score of daylight saving. "What time do you have breakfast?" asked the traveling man at the Greenland hotel. "From half-past March to quarter of May," answered the urbane clerk.

Old papers for sale at 5 cents per bundle at News Office.

## Daddy's Evening Fairy Tale

NIGHT RACES.

"Come along, come along," said the Night Fairies, and they flew along over the black night clouds.

"Will you run races?" asked the Night Fairies as they ran along the Milky Way and called upon the Shooting Stars.

"Oh, rather!" said the Shooting Stars. "We'd love to run races."

"Tonight?" asked the Night Fairies, and the Shooting Stars said:

"Yes, tonight! Yes, tonight! When all is bright, so bright! We'll run races! Hurrah! So let's hurry away!"

And off they all hurried. The Shooting Stars raced with the Night Fairies and the Moon looked on and laughed. Many of the other stars said:

"What a good time the Shooting Stars children do have. They're so jolly and are so fond of racing with the fairies. And the earth people, we have heard, love to see the Shooting Stars."

As they were playing and racing and laughing a little fairy named Silvery Night came along.

"Where have you been, Silvery Night?" they all asked.

"We wanted to run races with you, too," said the Shooting Stars. "We're having night races. Where have you been?"

"Listen," said Silvery Night. And they all stopped racing to listen.

"I was flying over a house tonight and I heard the voice of a little child inside. There was a window open near by and I hopped on the window sill where she couldn't see me. She was talking to her mother.

"When does the doctor say I'll be able to sit up?" she asked.

"Very soon, my love," her mother said. "You must be a little stronger."

"Oh, mother," the little girl said. "I do hope it will be soon. I get so tired of being in bed. I feel so very lonely sometimes without my friends, the Shooting Stars."

"Now I found out," continued Silvery Night, "that this little girl always sat by her window before she went to bed and looked at the stars, and so many nights she saw the Shooting Stars. She loved them so, and always wanted to see them if there were any to see. But now she had to lie in bed and the bed was quite a distance from the window as she had to be kept out of the drafts."

"I could tell that her mother was afraid she was getting so discouraged that it would take her longer to get

well. So I stopped on my way and had a talk with the Dream King."

"Yes, and what did he say?" they all asked.

"He said he would help."

"Hurrah," they shouted.

So the Night Fairies and the Shooting Stars led by Silvery Night and the Dream King ran their races all through the dreams of the little girl and up and down the ceiling. They danced over the bed, and sometimes she almost caught them as they raced by her! But she never quite caught one!

"Oh, my dear beautiful Shooting Stars," she said, "and the beautiful fairies."

And the fairies whispered to her: "You'll soon be well, little girl. Be patient, very patient, and soon you'll be strong again. The Night Fairies are watching over you and the Shooting Stars have not forgotten their little friend who loves to see their sports."

Morning at last came and the Shooting Stars, the Night Fairies, Silvery Night and the Dream King had gone and the little girl was wide awake.

"Oh, mother," she said, "I feel so much better. The Night Fairies and Shooting Stars had night races for me in my dream, and they told me to be patient a little longer. I have been getting so impatient lately!"

The doctor came to see the little girl that day and he said that she was wonderfully improved and that within two days she could be up once more!

He really didn't at all understand the wonderful improvement but some little creatures did—and they were the Night Fairies, the Shooting Stars, Silvery Night, the Dream King and the little girl herself!

So the night races were a very big success!

Logical.

"I can't pay this bill, doctor. It's exorbitant. I'm no better than I was, either."

"That's because you didn't take my advice."

"Ah—well—of course if I didn't take it I don't owe you for it. Thanks! Good morning."

## POINTED PARAGRAPHS FROM CONVENTION AT MUSKOGEE

Sin strews the land with human wreckage. Christ's teachings vitalized give abundant and eternal life.

Christ made the supreme sacrifice to win the love of the whole world. Sin is the insurer that cuts off the current between us and God.

It is a great thing to give a life for a nation, but a greater thing to a nation worth dying for.

Democracy and illiteracy cannot live under one flag. Intelligence alone has not proved sufficient. Germany is intelligent. She is a powerful foe. From these years of teaching that might makes right she has placed herself where she could force the world into the worst battle the sun ever saw.

Our Sunday schools are to teach righteousness. Let our nation teach both intelligence and righteousness that she may glorify the Father and do her part in the world's great task.

The citizen who fails to do his part to teach Christianity to the coming generation when the need is so great will spend all eternity explaining why he did not. God help us every one to be true in this hour of crisis.

God help the little soul who comes out of this war richer than he went in. Help the food administration, buy liberty bonds, thrift stamps, help Red Cross, support Y. M. C. A., but don't let it stop there. Support both the Sunday school and the church.

Vitalize: A boy goes to the front with a fine faith in Christ, ready to die for his flag and its ideals. Suppose he gets a letter like this: "Dear Bill, the old Bible class has gone to pieces. Twenty-five gone out. We just moved to adjourn till the war is over." Bill says, "What's that? Is religion going out in America?" See him weaken. Temptation comes. He says, "Let her go." And plunges into sin.

Brighter picture: "Dear Bill. Our church is proud of you, old boy. We've got you on our honor roll. We're praying for you every Sunday. We have sixty recruits to fill up the gap you boys left." That boy would stand up to the face of all the temptations of hell.

The child properly inoculated against sin will never be lost to the church.

Chaplain Jesse S. Dancy has said: "With all respect to the fine work of the Red Cross, of the Y. M. C. A. and of similar organizations, let me say solemnly that none of them offers the opportunity to serve one's country that the Sunday school offers. You can train a soldier to fight in a year but it takes all his preceding life to train him morally and spiritually to the sort of manhood that makes the sort of a soldier upon which his superiors and his country can safely rely."

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

From the Buddhist Scriptures.

Man never dies. The soul habits the body for a time, and leaves it again. The soul is myself; the body is only my dwelling place. Birth is not birth; there is a soul already existing when the body comes to it. Death is not death; the soul merely departs and the body falls. It is because men see only their bodies that they love life and hate death.

Most Desirable Utility.

If I were asked to name what, in my opinion, is the most desirable utility in modern life, I would not name the railroad, the telephone, the electric light, the automobile, the big hats with their fine feathers, nor the women's dresses. I would name running water in the house.—Governor Craig, North Carolina.

Law of Averages.

Some railroad official engaged in winning the war for democracy has figured it out that, after you have traveled 16,000,000 miles, your turn to be killed in an accident is at hand. That settles it. When our speedometer registers 15,999,999 miles, we are going to travel the rest of the way afoot.

Wasted Time.

School hours are busier hours. The manufacturer or merchant is not at fault to waste time in business hours; the future manufacturer or merchant cannot afford to waste time in school hours. This is why we have the demand for vocational education.—Montreal Star.

Iguana Valuable Food.

The black iguana of California, of which the scientific name is *Centrosaurus*, in allusion to the comblike crest of spines along the back, acanthur meaning "spring-tailed," is allied to the "ring-tailed" iguana, but unlike the Jamaican iguana, its flesh is highly esteemed.

A Feature Missing.

The moving picture business probably will never reach its zenith in the smaller towns until some device is perfected by which jokes may be sprung on the more prominent local bachelors in the course of the play, as the old theatrical troupes used to do.—Kansas City Star.

Canned Fruit Juice for Winter Sauces.

The June Woman's Home Companion prints this recipe: "Juices extracted from fresh fruits may be bottled, sterilized, and kept as any canned fruit. Glass jars, or ginger ale or other left-over bottles with small tops that are not usable for other purposes may be utilized for this."

"Extract the juice from fruit, either with a cider press or by cooking. Strain through cheesecloth, add sugar to taste if desired, heat to boiling point, pour into hot bottles, and tightly plug with absorbent cotton. Set bottles in boiling water up to neck of bottle and sterilize at a temperature of 165 degrees F. for forty minutes. Remove bottles from water, plug with stoppers, and when cool dip stoppers in melted paraffin."

## ESPIONAGE ACT NOW IN FULL FORCE

(By the Associated Press)

Washington, June 6.—Enactment of the espionage act, just become operative, under which stringent action may be taken against disloyalty or sedition, adds the United States to a long list of nations which have been forced by German propaganda or internal disaffection to invoke the extreme powers of law for their existence.

Short shift is made of persons in Great Britain, France, Italy and the other allied countries, who attempt to foment a revolution or betray the state to the enemy. Great Britain's colonies under their system of self-government have followed the example of their mother country in fighting disloyalty, recognizing that the liberties of the world depend on victory in the present war.

Amendments to the War Regulations of Australia, received in official dispatches today, show the far-reaching steps taken by that Commonwealth against sedition. The Sinn Fein organization is outlawed by name and drastic powers are given to the Minister of Defense to close clubs or places of resort of the Sinn Fein or other dissatisfied societies. The regulations said in part:

"Any person who, by word of mouth or in writing, or by any act or deed (a) advocates, incites or encourages disloyalty or hostility to the British Empire, or to the cause of the British Empire in the present war; or (b) advocates the dismemberment of the British Empire, or who says, or does, anything calculated to incite, encourage or assist such disloyalty or hostility, shall be guilty of an offense against the act."

"The Minister may direct that any premises used as a place of public resort, or as a club, the use of which, in his opinion, is prejudicial to the safety or the defense of the Commonwealth, shall be kept closed."

"Any person who wears or displays any badge, flag, banner, emblem or symbol, of a country with which the king is now at war, or anybody or association who are disaffected to the British Empire, or of the society, association or movement known as Sinn Fein, shall be guilty of an offense against the act."

"Any officer of police and any police thereto authorized in writing by the Minister may, for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this regulation, enter, if need be, by force, and search and occupy any premises in relation to which a direction has been given under this regulation."

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

Government Vacancies for Women.

The United States Civil Service Commission announced the following opportunities in government service for women:

Field Agent and Demonstrator, Boys' and Girls' Club Work.—Salaries ranging from \$1,500 to \$2,000 a year, to fill vacancies in the States Relations Service, Department of Agriculture, for duty in Washington, D. C. Appointees will assist county club leaders in organization work with the farm bureaus, with a view to getting definite results in boys' and girls' work in food production and food conservation. Applicants must have graduated from a college or university of recognized standing and have had at least one year's experience in extension work with boys and girls. Normal school training will be accepted year for year in lieu of college training. Examinations will be given June 18.

Laboratory Assistant.—On account of the urgent needs of the service further notice to fill vacancies in the Bureau of Standards, for duty in Washington, D. C., or elsewhere at salaries ranging from \$1,080 to \$1,320 a year. Applicants must show they have graduated from a full four years' high school course or have completed 14 units of high school work accepted for college entrance. In addition they must show that they have majored in the optional subject selected and have been graduated with a degree from a college or university with the completion of at least 118 additional credit hours. Applications will be received from senior students subject to their furnishing proof of actual graduation within three months from the date of making oath to the application.

Assistant Physicist Qualified in Physical Metallurgy.—Applications will be received until further notice. Competitors will be rated upon the sworn statements in their applications and upon corroborative evidence adduced by the commission. They must have graduated with degree from a college or university with the completion of at least 118 additional credit hours and must have at least two years of practical experience in physical metallurgy or two years of postgraduate study therein.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

LIBERTY

"The Green Dragon" is a Chinese fantasy, something entirely new. With the Chinese orchestra, Chinese girls and black face comedians, and the Chin Chin Chorus, there will be something out of the ordinary in the way of entertainment. Besides this a first class picture program will be presented in which Little Zoe Rae is featured in a highly absorbing detective drama.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

ADA TRAIN SCHEDULE

M. K. & T. Railway  
East  
No. 20 Lv. Daily . . . . . 11:15 A. M.  
No. 16 Lv. Daily . . . . . 10:05 P. M.

West  
No. 19 Lv. Daily . . . . . 4:36 P. M.  
No. 15 Lv. Daily . . . . . 5:00 A. M.

Santa Fe Railroad  
East  
No. 450 Lv. Daily . . . . . 3:00 P. M.  
No. 446 Lv. Daily . . . . . 1:20 P. M.

West  
No. 449 Lv. Daily . . . . . 11:00 A. M.  
No. 445 Lv. Daily . . . . . 3:00 P. M.

Frisco Railroad  
North  
No. 526, Okmulgee Lv. . . . . 6:00 A. M.  
No. 610, Eastern Ex. Lv. . . . . 12:30 P. M.  
No. 512 Meteor Lv. . . . . 4:32 P. M.

South  
No. 511 Meteor Ar. . . . . 12:57 P. M.  
No. 507 Sherman Ex. Ar. . . . . 6:00 P. M.  
No. 527 Okmulgee Ar. . . . . 8:15 P. M.



## The War-Time Summer Sports Frock

Combines a Delightfully Feminine Frilly Blouse with a Smartly Simple Skirt Easy to Make, Yet With Undeniable Style.

## Pictorial Review Patterns for July

Provide an Interesting Variety of the Very Newest and Most Becoming Models. Don't Fail to See the Latest Designs for the Fashionable Gingham Frock in

## The Summer Fashion Book

## MOSER'S DEPARTMENT STORE

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ADA, OKLAHOMA

GENERAL ARCHITECTURAL PRACTICE

MAP WORK—MECHANICAL DRAWINGS

PHONE 868

## MONEY WANTED FOR SEAPLANE STATIONS

(By the Associated Press)

Washington, June 6.—A \$16,000 appropriation establishing balloon and seaplane stations to guard the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts was asked of congress today by the war department. The department wants to establish sixteen stations, three on the gulf and thirteen on the Atlantic coasts.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

ARMED FATHER KILLS MAN WHO WRONGED GIRL

Ardmore, Okla., June 6.—Funeral services were held today for William D. Pike, who was shot and fatally wounded by Charles H. Bigbie Sunday afternoon at Lone Grove, 10 miles west of Ardmore on the Ringling railroad. Alleged mistreatment of Bigbie's daughter, Audrey Bigbie, by Pike, was said to have been the cause of the shooting.

The tragedy took place at the depot of the Ringling road just as the train bound for Healdton arrived. Driving up to the station Bigbie and his son Claude called Pike out from the crowd in which he and his three sisters were standing. The elder Bigbie was said to have asked Pike if he was going to do the "right thing," to which Pike replied he was. He refused to get into the car with Bigbie. Bigbie then shot twice, both shots penetrating the man's body. Bigbie and two of his sons were arrested immediately and are held in jail here.

S. O. S.—Buy W. S. S.

Remember that when you invest in the War Savings Stamps your savings are helping to win the war and are earning money for you.

## Foundry Business Booming

Our business has so far surpassed all expectations that we are being forced to treble our capacity, installing a cupola of 12,000 pounds capacity in addition to the one of 4,000 already in use. We are prepared to make all kinds of iron and brass castings on short notice. Also we are installing a well equipped machine shop.

Prices Reasonable and All Work Guaranteed

Ada Foundry and Machine Shop

Just North of Glass Factory

TO THE YOUNG LADY TEACHERS OF E. C. S. N.

We carry a complete line of Toilet Necessities.

Nylotis Toilet Water, Palmer's, Etc.

Nyal's Face Powder—Nyal's Face Cream, all of

Known Quality

Say NYAL'S—You'll get the Best

ADA DRUG CO.

Roy Saffarrans, Mgr.

Bring Us Your Prescriptions